\$ Set Up a Spending Plan \$



Setting up a spending plan includes:

- Figuring out your average monthly income
- Identifying financial goals
- Keeping track of your average monthly living expenses

Figure out your monthly income. If you use your "take-home" pay amount, then taxes and some other expenses may already be taken out for you. If you work seasonally, divide up what you can spend from that income each month during the year.

| INCOME SOURCE | AMOUNT |
|---|--------|
| Paycheck | |
| Paycheck | |
| Tips/Bonuses/Commissions | |
| Interest/dividends | |
| Grants/Financial Aid (If you get a lump sum, divide up what you can spend | |
| each month during the school year - after you have paid tuition) | |
| Child Support | |
| Public Assistance | |
| Social Security | |
| Other income | |
| Total Monthly Income | |

Identify financial goals. The reason to have a spending plan is to make sure that you're spending your money on things that are the most important to you. For each goal, figure out the total amount needed, the date you want to reach your goal, and how much you need to save monthly. For example, if you want \$400 in your emergency fund in one year, you need to save around \$33 every month.

| Financial Goals | Total Amount Needed | Date Needed (in months) (6 months, 24 months, etc) | Amount to Save Monthly (Divide the total needed by the number of months) |
|-----------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Emergency Fund | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Total Monthly Savings | |

Keep track of your monthly <u>debt payments</u>. The more debt you have, the less money you have left to cover your other monthly living expenses. If you can, try to pay more than the minimum due.

| left to cover your other monthly living expenses. If you can, t | , , , | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| DEBT PAYMENTS | TOTAL | MONTHLY |
| DEDI FATIVIENTS | BALANCE | PAYMENT |
| Credit Card: | | |
| Credit Card: | | |
| Credit Card: | | |
| Loan | | |
| Medical Bill | | |
| Past Due Utility | | |
| Other: | | |
| Other: | | |
| Total Monthly Debt Payments | | |

Keep track of your average <u>monthly spending</u>. To figure out your monthly spending, look at your checkbook and credit card bills. For cash purchases, try writing down how much you spend during the month in a notebook or calendar you carry with you. You can be as specific or general as you want, but here are some categories to get you started.

| FIXED EXPENSES (Expenses that stay the same every month) | MONTHLY AMOUNT |
|--|-------------------|
| Rent or Mortgage | |
| Vehicle Payment | |
| Monthly Insurance Payments: | |
| Vehicle | |
| Renter's or Homeowner's | |
| Life | |
| Health | |
| Taxes (estimated tax payments above and beyond monthly | |
| withholding from your paycheck) | |
| Child Care | |
| Child Support | |
| Other | |
| Total Fixed Monthly Expenses | |

| FLEXIBLE or VARIABLE EXPENSES (Expenses that might change a little each month) | MONTHLY AMOUNT |
|--|-------------------|
| Housing Costs: | 7 |
| Electricity | |
| Gas or Oil for heating home | |
| Water/sewer | |
| Garbage | |
| Telephone or Cell Phone | |
| Cable or Satellite T.V. | |
| Internet | |
| Household Supplies (Toilet paper, cleaning solutions, etc.) | |
| Household Furnishings | |
| Transportation: | |
| Gas for Vehicle(s) | |
| Vehicle Expenses (oil changes, repairs, etc.) | |
| Other: Public Transportation, Parking Permits | |
| Personal Items: | |
| Hair cuts, make-up, shampoo, etc. | |
| Clothing | |
| Laundry or Dry Cleaning | |
| Prescriptions | |
| Doctor/Dentist | |
| Personal allowance ("fun money") | |
| Groceries | |
| Work/School Lunches | |
| School supplies | |
| Pets | |
| Other | |
| Total Monthly Flexible or Variable Expenses | |

| DISCRETIONARY EXPENSES (You may or may not have | MONTHLY |
|---|---------------|
| these expenses every month) | AMOUNT |
| Going Out (above and beyond "fun money") | |
| Hobbies/Clubs | |
| Contributions/Donations | |
| Gifts/Cards: | |
| Birthdays | |
| Holidays | |
| Other | |
| Stamps/Postage | |
| Newspapers/Magazines | |
| Lessons | |
| Dues | |
| Alcohol | |
| Cigarettes/Tobacco | |
| Pop/Candy/Snacks | |
| Other | |
| Other | |
| Total Discretionary Expenses | |

Identify <u>infrequent expenses</u>. Some of these expenses you may already be paying monthly. But if you pay any of the following expenses annually or quarterly, be sure to plan for them. For example, if you pay \$300 towards your car insurance four times a year – for a total of \$1200 a year – that means you need to save \$100 a month to have enough money for your quarterly payments. Be sure to include these infrequent expenses in either your monthly savings plan or your monthly expenses.

| ITEM | J | F | M | Α | M | J | J | Α | S | 0 | N | D | TOTAL AMOUNT | MONTHLY AVERAGE (divide the total by 12 months) |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|---|
| Vehicle | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Registration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Insurance: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vehicle | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Life | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property/ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gifts: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Holidays | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birthdays | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subscriptions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuition | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Supplies | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Tax | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payments | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MONTHLY TOTALS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Now add up all of your monthly savings and expenses:



| TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES | AMOUNT |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Total Savings | |
| Total Debt Payments | |
| Total Fixed | |
| Total Flexible/Variable | |
| Total Discretionary | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | = |

Then subtract your total expenses from your monthly income:

| INCOME MINUS EXPENSES | AMOUNT |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Total Monthly Income | |
| Total Monthly Expenses | |
| Income Minus Expenses = | |



Ask yourself:

- Does your income cover all of your living expenses and savings goals?
 - Or are you running out of money by the end of the month?
 If yes, go back over your flexible and discretionary expenses and look for small ways to cut back. Start with those expenses that are not as important to you.

If your monthly expenses are greater than your monthly income, there are **3 options**:

- Cut back on monthly spending
- Make more money
- Do both

Sometimes more money can come from a raise at work, turning a hobby into second job, getting a tax refund, or having a rummage sale. Tracking your spending will help you find places where you can trim expenses – even if it's just for a short time.

Why doesn't my spending plan work?

Spending plans don't work if there's *not enough room* for flexibility in your monthly expenses and your savings goals. They also don't work if there's *too much room* for "spare change" spending – like that \$20 bill that just disappears before you know it.



To find a spending plan that works for you:

- Be realistic: Keep track of what you <u>actually</u> spend, not what you <u>think</u> you spend. Also, be realistic about the amount you can save for your financial goals without feeling deprived during the month.
- Be specific: If you go through the effort of putting your monthly expenses in categories, you'll have a much better idea of where you're spending your money. This will also help you to decide where you want to spend your money and where to make changes, like cutting back on "vending machine snacks" instead of trying to cut back on "food."
- Allow for the unexpected: Life never fails to throw in a few surprises.
 Having an emergency fund or a savings fund for those expenses that are likely to happen in the future like car repairs will keep you from blowing your monthly budget or having to take on debt.
- Get (sort of) organized: Sometimes staying within your spending plan is a
 matter of paying bills on time to avoid late fees or balancing your checkbook
 regularly to avoid overdrafts. Figure out what works for you, whether it's
 automatic bill payments or setting up a regular time for paying bills once a
 week. Having a specific place for sorting and filing paperwork will also make
 life a whole lot easier.